

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc  
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue  
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065  
Telephone : 908-740-4000  
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000  
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product  
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

#### Hazards for the product as supplied

Skin irritation : Category 2  
Eye irritation : Category 2B  
Respiratory sensitization : Category 1  
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2  
Specific target organ toxicity : Category 3  
- single exposure  
Specific target organ toxicity : Category 1 (Bone marrow)  
- repeated exposure

#### Other hazards

None known.

#### Hazards associated with a change in physical form:

Conditions	Hazards
If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means.	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

#### GHS label elements

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Hazard pictograms

:



Signal Word

:

Danger

Hazard Statements

:

H315 + H320 Causes skin and eye irritation.  
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
H372 Causes damage to organs (Bone marrow) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements

:

### Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P260 Do not breathe dust.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.  
P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

### Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.  
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.  
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.  
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.  
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor.  
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

### Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

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### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS No./Unique ID	Concentration (% w/w)	Trade secret
sulfadiazine	68-35-9*	>= 30 - <= 60	TSC
Trimethoprim	738-70-5*	>= 5 - <= 10	TSC

\* Indicates that the identifier is a CAS No.

TSC- the actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.  
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.  
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.  
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.  
Get medical attention.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.  
Get medical attention.  
Wash clothing before reuse.  
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.  
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.  
Get medical attention.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.  
Get medical attention.  
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Causes skin and eye irritation.  
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

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Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray  
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
Dry chemical
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.
- Specific hazards during fire fighting : Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.  
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
Evacuate area.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
Use personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.  
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimize entry of the material into the air.  
Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.  
Soak up with inert absorbent material.  
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).  
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 02/24/2026
7.2	05/09/2026	9791129-00015	Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.  
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.  
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- |                             |   |  |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Technical measures          | : | Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.<br>Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.   |
| Local/Total ventilation     | : | If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.  |
| Advice on safe handling     | : | Do not get on skin or clothing.<br>Do not breathe dust.<br>Do not swallow.<br>Do not get in eyes.<br>Wash skin thoroughly after handling.<br>Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment<br>Keep container tightly closed.<br>Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.<br>Minimize dust generation and accumulation.<br>Keep container closed when not in use.<br>Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.<br>Take precautionary measures against static discharges.<br>Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.<br>Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. |
| Conditions for safe storage | : | Keep in properly labeled containers.<br>Store locked up.<br>Keep tightly closed.<br>Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.<br>Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.  |
| Materials to avoid          | : | Do not store with the following product types:<br>Strong oxidizing agents<br>Self-reactive substances and mixtures<br>Organic peroxides<br>Explosives<br>Gases   |

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
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### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

inert or nuisance dust      50 Million particles per cubic foot  
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)  
Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)  
Basis: OSHA Z-3

5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)  
Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 Million particles per cubic foot  
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)  
Basis: OSHA Z-3

Dust, nuisance dust and particulates      10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (Total dust)  
Basis: CAL PEL

5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (respirable dust fraction)  
Basis: CAL PEL

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
sulfadiazine	68-35-9	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (OEB 1)	Internal
Trimethoprim	738-70-5	TWA	1500 µg/m <sup>3</sup> (OEB 1)	Internal

**Engineering measures** : Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.  
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 02/24/2026
7.2	05/09/2026	9791129-00015	Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

---

Hand protection		circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Material	:	Chemical-resistant gloves
Eye protection	:	Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Skin and body protection	:	Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Hygiene measures	:	If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

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### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	powder
Color	:	white
Odor	:	No data available
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	6.5 - 8.5
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids)	:	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower	:	No data available

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
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---

flammability limit

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)  
Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity  
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics  
Particle size : No data available

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### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.  
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.  
Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
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---

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation  
Skin contact  
Ingestion  
Eye contact

#### Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 2,250 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

#### Components:

##### **sulfadiazine:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 1,500 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 880 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 180 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intravenous

##### **Trimethoprim:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,500 - 5,300 mg/kg  
LD50 (Mouse): 1,910 - 7,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 400 - 500 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

LD50 (Dog): 90 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 132 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intravenous

#### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Causes skin irritation.

#### Components:

##### **sulfadiazine:**

Result : Skin irritation

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

---

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes eye irritation.

#### Components:

##### sulfadiazine:

Species : Rabbit  
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitization

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

#### Components:

##### sulfadiazine:

Test Type : Maximization Test  
Species : Guinea pig  
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

##### Trimethoprim:

Test Type : Maximization Test  
Routes of exposure : Dermal  
Species : Guinea pig  
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

##### sulfadiazine:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

##### Trimethoprim:

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

---

- Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)  
Result: negative
- Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Rat  
Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Species: Humans  
Result: negative

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**IARC** No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

**OSHA** No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

**NTP** No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Components:

#### **sulfadiazine:**

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

#### **Trimethoprim:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fertility.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 02/24/2026
7.2	05/09/2026	9791129-00015	Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

---

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Effects on newborn.  
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects.  
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects., Teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development  
Species: Hamster  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1.7 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### **STOT-single exposure**

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Components:**

##### **sulfadiazine:**

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

### **STOT-repeated exposure**

Causes damage to organs (Bone marrow) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Components:**

##### **Trimethoprim:**

Target Organs : Bone marrow  
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

---

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

##### **Trimethoprim:**

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 100 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 300 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 6 Months  
Target Organs : Bone marrow, Liver, Pituitary gland, Thyroid

Species : Rat  
LOAEL : 300 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 3 Months  
Target Organs : Bone marrow

Species : Dog  
NOAEL : 2.5 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 45 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 3 Months  
Target Organs : Blood, Thyroid

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Experience with human exposure

#### Components:

##### **sulfadiazine:**

General Information : May cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation.

##### **Trimethoprim:**

Ingestion : Target Organs: Bone marrow  
Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, skin rash,  
Dizziness, Headache, mental depression, confusion

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## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity

#### Components:

##### **sulfadiazine:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

---

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

---

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 17 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae): 3.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.13 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0.135 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 Days  
Method: ISO 8692
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.2 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
- Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
- NOEC: 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
- Trimethoprim:**
- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna Straus (Water flea)): 92 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 80.3 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 16

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

---

mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 253 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 26 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Zebrafish): 0.157 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: 16.7 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 hrs  
Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 hrs  
Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

### Persistence and degradability

#### Components:

##### **sulfadiazine:**

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 0 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

##### **Trimethoprim:**

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 4 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Result: Not inherently biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 0 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Components:

##### **sulfadiazine:**

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 02/24/2026
7.2	05/09/2026	9791129-00015	Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0.12

### Trimethoprim:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0.91

### Mobility in soil

No data available

### Other adverse effects

No data available

### Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### International Regulations

#### UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (sulfadiazine)

Class : 9

Packing group : III

Labels : 9

Environmentally hazardous : yes

#### IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (sulfadiazine)

Class : 9

Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956

Environmentally hazardous : yes

#### IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3077

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (sulfadiazine)  
Class : 9  
Packing group : III  
Labels : 9  
EmS Code : F-A, S-F  
Marine pollutant : yes

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### Domestic regulation

#### 49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3077  
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (sulfadiazine)  
Class : 9  
Packing group : III  
Labels : CLASS 9  
ERG Code : 171  
Marine pollutant : yes(sulfadiazine)  
Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons (450 liters) in case of liquids, or 882 lbs. (400 kg) in case of solids. Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated for non-bulk packaging; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards** : Respiratory or skin sensitization  
Reproductive toxicity  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  
Skin corrosion or irritation  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version 7.2      Revision Date: 05/09/2026      SDS Number: 9791129-00015      Date of last issue: 02/24/2026  
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**SARA 313** : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### US State Regulations

#### Pennsylvania Right To Know

Lactose	63-42-3
sulfadiazine	68-35-9
Trimethoprim	738-70-5

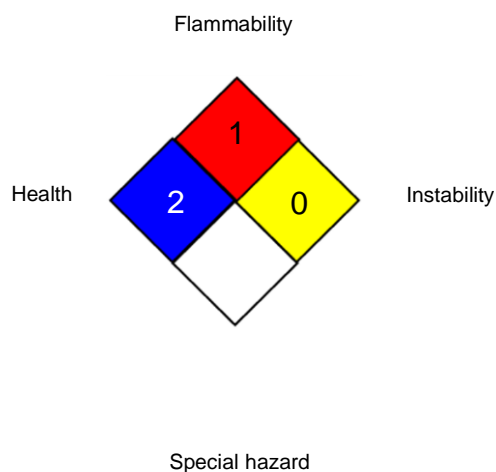
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined  
CA. DSL : not determined  
CN IECSC : not determined

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Further information

#### NFPA 704:



#### HMIS® IV / CED:

HEALTH	*	3
FLAMMABILITY		3
PHYSICAL HAZARD		0

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "\*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

### Full text of other abbreviations

CAL PEL : California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)  
OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts  
CAL PEL / PEL : Permissible exposure limit  
OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



## Sulfadiazine (41%) / Trimethoprim (8%) Solid Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 02/24/2026
7.2	05/09/2026	9791129-00015	Date of first issue: 10/08/2021

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardization; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECL - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Revision Date : 05/09/2026

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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